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Digital Worksheets for the Alphabet Flashcards

Word Families

Directions: Groups of words that both rhyme and end with the same letters are a word family. Insert initial letters in the spaces provided to form words from the -an and -en word families. Call on students to sound out the words. Then use one or more of the words in a sentence.

m an	h en
an	en
Examples: <i>an</i> (can, fan, pan, ran, tan, than	n); en (Ben, den, men, pen, ten, then)

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Short Vowels

Directions: Insert one or more consonants in the spaces before and/or after the vowels to form words with the short vowel sound. Identify the pattern of each word, such as the *CVC* (consonant-vowel-consonant) pattern in *dog* or the *CVCC* pattern in *duck*. Call on students to sound out the words. Then use one or more of the words in a sentence.

Rule: When a word has only one vowel (a, e, i, o, or u) and it is followed by a consonant, the vowel is usually short. (Bet, best)

a	a_
e	e
i	i
O	0
u	u

Digital Worksheets for the Alphabet and Phonics Flashcards

Vowel sounds changed by a final *e*

Directions: Identify the pattern of each word (*vc*, *cvc*, *ccvc*, or *cccvc*). Call on a student to sound out a word. Then change the vowel sound by inserting a final *e* at the end. When students have finished sounding out the words with and without the final *e*, use one or more of the words in a sentence.

- When a word has only one vowel (a, e, i, o, or u) and it is followed by a consonant, the vowel is usually short. (Bet)
- When a word has two vowels (a, e, i, o, u) and one is a final e, the final e is usually silent, and the first vowel says its name. (Snake)

at_	b a d_
c a p_	f a d_
g a l_	g a p_
gl a d_	gr a d_
m a d	n a p

p a l_	r a t_
scr a p_	sh a d_
sl a t_	t a p_
Pet_	b i d_
b i t_	dim_
f i n_	gr i m_
gr i p_	h i d_
kit_	p i n_
pr i m_	r i d_
r i m_	r i p_
shin_	s i t_
sl i d_	sl i m_
sn i p_	sp i n_
T i m_	tw i n_

co d_	c o n_
c o p_	d o t_
gl o b_	h o p_
m o p_	n o d_
n o t_	p o p_
r o b_	r o d_
r o t_	sl o p_
t o t_	c u b_
c u t_	u s_

Single and Double Vowels

Vowel digraphs: Two vowels that come together to make one sound

Directions: Identify the pattern of each word. Call on a student to sound out a word in the *A* section. Then change the word in the *B* section by inserting an extra vowel (*a*, *e*, or *i*) in the space provided so that two vowels are side by side. When students have finished sounding out the words, use one or more of the words in a sentence.

- When a word has only one vowel (a, e, i, o, or u) and it is followed by a consonant, the vowel is usually short. (Bet)
- When two vowels (a, e, i, o, u) come together, the first vowel usually says its name and the second is silent. (<u>Ea</u>t)

A	В
<u>a</u> d	<u>a</u> d
b <u>a</u> t	b <u>a</u> t
br <u>a</u> d	br <u>a</u> d
l <u>a</u> d	l <u>a</u> d
m <u>a</u> d	m <u>a</u> d

A	В
p <u>a</u> d	p <u>a</u> d
p <u>a</u> l	p <u>a</u> l
c <u>o</u> t	c <u>o</u> t
<u>go</u> t	g <u>o</u> t
r <u>o</u> d	r <u>o</u> d
s <u>o</u> p	s <u>o</u> p
b <u>e</u> d	b <u>e</u> d
b <u>e</u> st	b <u>e</u> st
l <u>e</u> d	l <u>e</u> d
n <u>e</u> t	n <u>e</u> t
pl <u>e</u> d	pl <u>e</u> d
s <u>e</u> t	s <u>e</u> t
br <u>e</u> d	br <u>e</u> d

A		В
f <u>e</u> d		f <u>e</u> _d
Fr <u>e</u> d		fr <u>e</u> d
p <u>e</u> p		р <u>е</u> _р
sp <u>e</u> d		sp <u>e</u> _d
st <u>e</u> p		st <u>e</u> p
w <u>e</u> d		w <u>e</u> d
A	В	

 bet
 be_t
 be_t

 met
 me_t
 me_t

 red
 re_d
 re_d

V, VC, VCC, CV, CVC, CVCC, CCV, CCVC, and CCVCC Words

Directions: Identify the pattern of each word. Call on a student to sound out a word. Then change the vowel sound by inserting one or more consonants in the space provided. When students have finished sounding out the words, short and long vowel words can be used in a sentence. (E.g., *I bet* he will be here. She found a shell. I said hi to him.)

- When a word has only one vowel (a, e, i, o, or u) and it ends the word, the vowel usually says its name. (Be)
- When a word has only one vowel (a, e, i, o, or u) and it is followed by a consonant, the vowel is usually short. (Bet, best)
- The vowel u usually says half its name when it ends a word. (Flu) (Long u usually makes the / \bar{u} / sound rather than the / \bar{u} / sound.)

a	b e	I
	h e	hi
g o	m e	p i
n o _	w e	
S O _	sh e	fl u
pr o _	th e	gn u

Examples: a (ask, at); **be** (bed, beg, best, bet); **he** (held, help); **me** (met, mess); **we** (well, wet); **she** (shed, shell); **the** (them, then); **I** (if, in, it); **hi** (hill, him); **pi** (pick, pit); **go** (got, gob, golf); **no** (nod, not); **so** (sob, sock); **pro** (prom, prop); **flu** (fluff, flush)

Digital Worksheets for the Phonics Flashcards

Directions: Call on a student to read a word under the "Whiter" heading. Change the word by adding r at the end and let the student read the word with the $/ \Rightarrow r / \Rightarrow r$ sound. Add st to the end of words under the "Whitest" heading and n to words under the "Whiten" heading. Then use one or more of the words in a sentence.

Whit e r	Whit e st	Whit e n
blu e	blu e	giv e
nic e	nic e	spok e
pal e	pal e	tak e
sor e	sor e	wak e

- When r is added to a word that ends with a silent e, the /ər/ sound is added to the word. (Whiter)
- When *st* is added to a word that ends with a silent *e*, the /əst/ sound is added to the word. (Whitest)
- When n is added to a word that ends with a silent e, the /ən/ or /ən/ sound is added to the word. (Whiten)

Directions: Review the rules at the bottom of this page. Then write -ing or -ed in the spaces provided. On some of the words, double the final consonant before adding the ending so that the short vowel sound is heard. Ask: "Does a say /ă/ or its name in this word? Does i say /ĭ/ or its name in this word? Does o say /ŏ/ or its name in this word?" Then use one or more of the words in a sentence.

tapping / taping	tapped / taped
r a t	r a t
gr i p	gr i p
p i n	p i n
d o t	d o t
h o p	h o p
m o p	m o p

[•] In *tapping*, *a* says the short vowel sound because the consonant just before -*ing* is doubled. In *taping*, *a* says its name because the consonant just before -*ing* is not doubled.

[•] In *tapped*, *a* says the short vowel sound because the consonant just before *-ed* is doubled. In *taped*, *a* says its name because the consonant just before *-ed* is not doubled.

Name:	Grade:
Date and form of phonics test (pretest or posttest):	

Directions: Identify the sounds made by the letters and letter combinations below.

ns: Identity the	Sourius made by the	e ietters a	and letter com	Diriations i	below.
I	q	1.	upon 29		<u>tr</u> y
S	1	2.	queen 30.		<u>tw</u> in
F	x	3.	<u>s</u> urpri <u>s</u> e 31.		<u>sc</u> orpion
N	О	4.	<u>c</u> ity 32		<u>sk</u> y
Z	n	5.	<u>c</u> at 33. garage 34.		<u>sm</u> all
V	a	6.			<u>sn</u> ow
Р	W	7.	giant 35		<u>sp</u> ider
С	r	8.	o <u>ff</u> 36		<u>st</u> op
Е	b	9.	ba <u>dge</u>	37.	<u>sw</u> ing
M	u	10.	ba <u>ck</u>	38.	<u>scr</u> oll
L	t	11.	<u>gn</u> u	39.	<u>spl</u> ash
Α	j	12.	<u>kn</u> oll	40.	<u>spr</u> ead
Χ	е	13.	<u>wh</u> ite	41.	<u>str</u> ange
0	h	14.	<u>wh</u> ole	42.	<u>squ</u> are
Н	Z	15.	<u>wr</u> ite	43.	<u>ph</u> oto
K	С	16.	la <u>mb</u>	44.	tou <u>gh</u>
В	S	17.	<u>bl</u> ack	45.	<u>ch</u> ick
Т	У	18.	<u>cl</u> ean	46.	wa <u>tch</u>
D	g	19.	<u>fl</u> y	47.	<u>sh</u> op
J	V	20.	<u>gl</u> oves	48.	<u>th</u> ing
Q	р	21.	<u>pl</u> ace	49.	<u>thr</u> ee
U	m	22.	<u>sl</u> eep	50.	th <u>ank</u>
Υ	f	23.	<u>br</u> ight	51.	dr <u>ink</u>
G	k	24.	<u>cr</u> ayon	52.	h <u>onk</u>
R	i	25.	<u>dr</u> aw	53.	tr <u>unk</u>
W	d	26.	<u>fr</u> uit	54.	l <u>ong</u>
		27.	<u>gr</u> een	55.	r <u>ung</u>
		28.	<u>pr</u> etty	56.	<u>ang</u> er

57.	s <u>ing</u>	89.	c <u>o</u> me	121.	n <u>o</u>	153.	b <u>err</u> y
58.	go <u>ing</u>	90.	s <u>o</u> n	122.	c <u>old</u>	154.	c <u>are</u>
59.	go <u>es</u>	91.	l <u>o</u> ve	123.	sh <u>ow</u>	155.	c <u>aring</u>
60.	bus <u>es</u>	92.	<u>un</u> read	124.	<u>u</u> s e	156.	c <u>ared</u>
61.	play <u>ed</u>	93.	<u>am</u>	125.	c <u>ue</u>	157.	spiri <u>tual</u>
62.	jump <u>ed</u>	94.	<u>an</u> d	126.	C <u>OW</u>	158.	colli <u>sion</u>
63.	shout <u>ed</u>	95.	<u>gem</u>	127.	<u>ou</u> t	159.	mi <u>ssion</u>
64.	terrif ic ally	96.	<u>en</u> joy	128.	<u>oi</u> l	160.	musi <u>cian</u>
65.	warm <u>ly</u>	97.	bright <u>en</u>	129.	b <u>oy</u>	161.	lo <u>tion</u>
66.	warm <u>er</u>	98.	<u>a</u> t e	130.	r <u>u</u> d e	162.	n <u>ation</u>
67.	warm <u>est</u>	99.	w <u>ai</u> t	131.	bl <u>ue</u>	163.	cer <u>tain</u>
68.	happ <u>ier</u>	100.	d <u>ay</u>	132.	fr <u>ui</u> t	164.	littl e r
69.	happ <u>iest</u>	101.	<u>eigh</u> t	133.	n <u>ew</u>	165.	littl e st
70.	happ <u>iness</u>	102.	th <u>e</u> s e	134.	fl <u>u</u>	166.	whit e n
71.	carr <u>ies</u>	103.	<u>ea</u> t	135.	Z <u>OO</u>	167.	t <u>a</u> pping
72.	cr <u>ies</u>	104.	s <u>ee</u>	136.	b <u>ook</u>	168.	t <u>a</u> ping
73.	carr <u>ied</u>	105.	n <u>ei</u> ther	137.	b <u>ar</u> n	169.	t <u>a</u> pped
74.	cr <u>ied</u>	106.	w <u>e</u>	138.	<u>war</u> m	170.	t <u>a</u> ped
75.	gir <u>l</u>	107.	mov <u>ie</u>	139.	fl <u>oor</u>		
76.	<u>l</u> itt <u>le</u>	108.	k <u>ey</u>	140.	c <u>or</u> n		
77.	vow <u>el</u>	109.	funn <u>y</u>	141.	col <u>or</u>		
78.	ov <u>al</u>	110.	cr <u>y</u>	142.	mol <u>ar</u>		
79.	<u>al</u> ways	111.	s <u>y</u> mbol	143.	<u>wor</u> k		
80.	f <u>all</u>	112.	r <u>i</u> d e	144.	f <u>ur</u>		
81.	w <u>alk</u>	113.	l <u>ie</u>	145.	<u>ear</u> th		
82.	<u>au</u> dio	114.	h <u>i</u>	146.	teach <u>er</u>		
83.	s <u>aw</u>	115.	h <u>igh</u>	147.	f <u>ir</u> st		
84.	<u>wa</u> sh	116.	ch <u>ild</u>	148.	d <u>eer</u>		
85.	c <u>aught</u>	117.	f <u>ind</u>	149.	h <u>ear</u>		
86.	b <u>ought</u>	118.	h <u>o</u> m e	150.	b <u>ear</u>		
87.	<u>a</u> cross	119.	c <u>oa</u> t	151.	ch <u>air</u>		
88.	pand <u>a</u>	120.	<u>goe</u> s	152.	<u>arr</u> ow		